Some Functions Associated With the Bessel Functions

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1. Introduction. In the present paper we discuss some properties of the function

(1.1)
$$R(\lambda, \mu, \nu, x) = \sum_{n=0}^{\infty} \frac{(-1)^n (\lambda + n + 1)_n x^n}{n! \ \Gamma(\mu + n + 1) \Gamma(\nu + n + 1)}.$$

This function is suggested by the well known formula for the product $J_{\mu}(x)J_{\nu}(x)$; indeed we have ([8], p. 147)

$$J_{\mu}(2x)J_{\nu}(2x) = x^{\mu+\nu}R(\mu+\nu,\mu,\nu,x^2).$$

We note also that

(1.3)
$$R(2\mu, \mu, \mu - \frac{1}{2}, x^2) = \frac{x^{-2\mu}}{\pi^{\frac{1}{2}}} J_{2\mu}(4x)$$

and

(1.4)
$$R(2\mu, \mu, \mu + \frac{1}{2}, x) = \frac{2x^{-2\mu}}{\pi^{\frac{1}{2}}} \int_{0}^{1} J_{2\mu}(4xt) dt.$$

Many of the results obtained in the paper are generalizations of known results concerning Bessel functions. For example the formula ([8], p. 151)

$$(\frac{1}{2}x)^{\mu+\nu} = \frac{\Gamma(\mu+1)\Gamma(\nu+1)}{\Gamma(\mu+\nu+1)} \cdot \sum_{n=0}^{\infty} \frac{(\mu+\nu+2n)\Gamma(\mu+\nu+n)}{n!} J_{\mu+n}(x) J_{\nu+n}(x)$$

admits of the generalization

$$(1.5) \quad \sum_{n=0}^{\infty} \frac{(\lambda + 2n) \Gamma(\lambda + n)}{n!} \, x^n R(\lambda + 2n, \, \mu + n, \, \nu + n, \, x) = \frac{\Gamma(\lambda + 1)}{\Gamma(\mu + 1) \Gamma(\nu + 1)} \, ,$$

which may be considered the starting point of the paper. By means of (1.5)

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