A Direct Construction for the Duals of Brown-Gitler Spectra

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Brown-Gitler spectra have had many applications in homotopy theory; however, the original construction, given in [3], was remarkably delicate. One of the purposes of this paper is to give a simpler argument that produces spaces that are Spanier-Whitehead duals of the original Brown-Gitler spectra. The reader should compare the results of J. Lannes given in [9].

Fix a prime p and let A^* be the mod p Steenrod algebra. Set U to be the category of graded unstable right A^* modules. If X is a CW complex of finite type, then $\tilde{H}_*(X, \mathcal{F}_p) = \tilde{H}_*X$ is an object of U. If $M \in U$ and we wish to make the action map

$$M \otimes A^* \rightarrow M$$

a graded map, we must grade A^* negatively; that is, $\deg P^n = -2n(p-1)$ and $\deg \beta = -1$ if p > 2, and $\deg Sq^n = -n$ if p = 2. This convention will hold throughout the paper. A^* acts on itself, on the right, by the usual multiplication. If M is a graded right A^* module, let ΣM be the graded module so that

$$\sum M_n = M_{n-1}$$
.

Following Haynes Miller [10], define a functor

$$()_n: U \to F_p$$
 vector spaces

by $(M)_n = M_n$ = elements of degree n. This functor is representable: there is an isomorphism

(1)
$$\Gamma: \operatorname{Hom}_{U}(M(n), M) \to M_{n}$$

where

$$M(n) = \sum_{i=1}^{n} A^{*}/\{\beta^{\varepsilon} P^{i} : 2(pi + \varepsilon) > n\}A^{*} \quad \text{if } p > 2$$

or

$$M(n) = \sum_{i=1}^{n} A^{*}/\{Sq^{i}: 2i > n\}A^{*}$$
 if $p = 2$.

Let $i_n \in M(n)_n$ be the top class. Then $\Gamma(f) = f(i_n)$. Because $()_n$ is an exact functor, M(n) is projective in U. The modules M(n) were studied, at p = 2, by