Uniformly Moving Dislocations in Anisotropic Media

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In Memoriam P. F. Neményi

Communicated by C. TRUESDELL

1. Introductory remarks. Dynamic dislocations have been the subject of a number of recent investigations^{1, 2, 3} because of their importance in solid state physics. The main objective of this paper is to systematize and extend these results by constructing a class of uniformly moving dislocations in anisotropic media of arbitrary type and by studying their broad qualitative properties. These discontinuous elastic fields are a generalization of the static dislocations first discussed by Volterra⁴ in a celebrated memoir, and later elaborated by Burgers⁵ in connection with certain problems of strength of solids. We shall call them uniformly moving Volterra dislocations.

The first four sections of this study are preliminary in character.

In the present section we summarize our principal results.

In Section 2 we discuss the properties of a class of displacement fields which we call essentially static, characterized by the property of being static in a certain Galilean frame moving with velocity \mathbf{v} with respect to coordinates fixed in the medium. After deriving their equations of motion in terms of the appropriate Galilean axes, we answer the following question: for what values of \mathbf{v} are these equations of elliptic type? The ellipticity property holds if and only if \mathbf{v}

^{*} This work was supported in part by Army Contract DA 33-008 ORD 467.

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² J. D. ESHELBY, *Proc. Phys. Soc.*, **62**, 307 (1949).

³ F. R. N. NABARRO, Phil. Mag. (7), 42, 1224 (1952).

⁴ V. Volterra, Ann. de l'Éc. Norm. Sup.(3), 24, 401 (1907).

⁵ J. M. Burgers, Verhand. Kon. Akad. v. Wet. te Amsterdam, **42**, 293, 378 (1949).