## Explicit Remainder Terms for Some Asymptotic Series

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Summary of results and notation. AIREY and STIELTJES have indicated how to write asymptotic series (not always of the Poincaré type) for the remainder terms of the well known asymptotic series for the incomplete gamma function and related functions. As an illustration of some general techniques explained in the early part of our text, we give bounds on the errors for the series of AIREY and STIELTJES; in addition, we provide improved techniques for computing higher terms of the series.

We use t, u, v, w, x as variables to denote complex numbers, and j, k, l, m, n as variables (or parameters) to denote integers. M is the parameter of (1) or (24) in terms of which one seeks an asymptotic series. We preempt r, A, B, h(x), and H(x) for their roles in (1) and (24);  $\phi$  for the unique constant determined by assumption (c) of Section 2; y, z, and Y as the parameters of the incomplete gamma function (first formula of Section 3) and of (48); N = m + 1 - z;  $g_n(y)$  defined by (31) and (32);  $\gamma = y/N$ ;  $h_n(x)$  defined by (34) and (35);  $\delta = \gamma + \log \gamma$ ;  $\gamma(t)$  defined by (41); C(w) defined by (54);  $\alpha$  defined by (59);  $x(\alpha)$  defined by (63) so that x as a function of  $\alpha$  shall satisfy (59);  $A_j$  defined by (78);  $D_j$  defined by 82. There are also many transient notations that we have not listed, because they appear only in limited contexts.

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