## On an Extension of Cesàro's Methods of Summability to Logarithmic Scales\*

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1. The arithmetic method  $T(A_n)$ . The methods we are going to consider are, like Cesàro's methods, special cases of Nörlund's (sometimes called Nörlund-Voronoï) methods of summability, and we begin by recalling basic definitions and properties of the latter. For the literature of the subject see section 6 below.

Consider a sequence of numbers  $a_0$ ,  $a_1$ ,  $a_2$ ,  $\cdots$ ; let  $A_n = a_0 + a_1 + \cdots + a_n$ . A sequence  $s_n$   $(n = 0, 1, 2, \cdots)$  is said to be limitable by the method  $T(A_n)$  to the limit s if

$$\lim_{n\to+\infty}\frac{a_ns_0+a_{n-1}s_1+\cdots+a_0s_n}{A_n}=s,$$

and an infinite series  $\sum_{0}^{\infty} u_{r}$  is said to be summable by the method  $T(A_{n})$  to the sum s, if the sequence of its partial sums  $s_{n} = \sum_{0}^{n} u_{r}$  is limitable  $T(A_{n})$  to s. We assume that the  $A_{n}$  satisfy the following conditions:

I. The numbers  $A_n$ , with the possible exception of a finite number, are strictly positive, i.e.,  $A_n > 0$  for  $n > n_0$ .

II. 
$$\lim_{n\to\infty}\frac{a_n}{A_n}=0, \quad i.e., \quad \lim_{n\to\infty}\frac{A_{n-1}}{A_n}=1.$$
 III. 
$$\sum_{n=0}^{\infty}A_n=+\infty.$$

These conditions are necessary if every convergent sequence is to be limitable  $T(A_n)$  to the same limit. In some theorems we impose on the  $A_n$  some additional conditions, for example

IV. 
$$\lim_{n\to\infty} A_n = +\infty.$$
 Let

$$\sum_{n=0}^{\infty} A_n x^n = \phi(x).$$

<sup>\*</sup> Summability  $(C, \alpha_0, \alpha_1, \ldots, \alpha_k)$  was introduced in Zygmund [12], who also stated without proof a number of results. I am grateful to Professor Zygmund for the suggestion to develop the topic and for his helpful advice. The present paper is an abbreviated version of a PhD thesis submitted in September 1955 to the Department of Mathematics of the University of Chicago.